

Vongon VF-104: User Reference



We recommend watching [this video](#) for examples on creating and modifying presets with the Moog MF-104.

- A** Midi output, connect to Moog MF-104
- B** Power input, 9V Center Positive 1000mA
- C** Next button, selects which parameter the VF-104 is adjusting
- D** Save button, the led indicator will blink when the current preset has been modified. Press save button to store modified preset into memory.
- E** Bank switch, selects which set of presets are currently active on the VF-104
- F** Continuous Rotary Encoder, modifies the value of the active parameter (delay time, feedback, etc)
- G** Parameter Value Indicators, these LEDs indicate the value for the active parameter. Note that delay mode and lfo waveform have special options on the panel short/long and the waveform shapes.
- H** Parameter Selection Indicators, these LEDs indicate which parameter is currently active on the VF-104. The value of this parameter will be displayed on the LEDs circling the knob
- J** Footswitches, The LEDs indicate which preset is currently active (either 'left', 'middle', or 'right').

more info at www.vongon.com

Questions? Email us at ryan@vongon.com

VF-104: Tap Tempo Mode

There is a known bug on the Moog MF-104 when using midi and tap tempo simultaneously. When the moogerfooger is in tap-tempo mode and receives a midi cc message for **delay mode** (CC Parameter 86) then the moogerfooger will always cut delay time in half. Eventually the moogerfooger will self oscillate after several midi messages for **delay mode**. To avoid this, you can exclude **delay mode** from your VF-104 preset by setting the parameter to null. You can do this by turning the knob on the VF-104 counter clockwise while on the delay mode parameter.



delay mode = **long**



delay mode = **short**



delay mode = **null** (VF-104 will not send midi data for delay mode)